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CBSE Class 9 Political Science Book Chapter 1 "What is Democracy? Why Democracy? " MCQs with Answers

Here is a compilation of Free MCQs of Class 9 Political Science Book Chapter 1 - What is Democracy? Why Democracy? Students can practice free MCQs as have been added by CBSE in the new exam pattern. At the end of Multiple Choice Questions, the answer key has also been provided for your reference.

Q1.is a form of government in which the rulers are elected by the people?

- A. Dictatorship
- B. Non Democratic Government
- C. Monarchy
- D. Democracy

Q2. How does the definition of democracy help us?

A. To separate democracy from forms of government that are clearly not democratic

- B. So that we can get voting rights
- C. To figure out what lies in A Democracy
- D. None

Q3. How were the rulers of Myanmar elected?

- A. Dictatorship
- B. By the people
- C. Those who happened to be in control of the army became the rulers
- D. Monarchy

Q4. How are the rulers of Saudi Arabia elected?

A. By the people B. Rule of the army

- C. because they happen to be born into the royal family
- D. None

Q5. We would end up calling almost every government that holds an election a democracy?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. May be
- D. None

Q6. Which officials must be elected for any government to be called a democracy?

A. Certain people from different constituencies passing the criteria to be elected

- B. Any adult of the country
- C. Only Bureaucratises
- D. Heads of different organizations

Q7. In Pakistan, General Pervez Musharraf led a military coup in?

- A. 1999
- B. 1998
- C. 1997
- D. 1996

Q8. He overthrew a democratically elected government and declared himself the 'Chief Executive' of the country. Later he changed his designation to President and in 2002. Which President of Pakistan was this?

- A. General Pervez Musharraf
- B. Muhammad Zia-ul-Haq
- C. Farooq Leg Hari
- D. Muhammad Main Soomro

Q9. In a democracy the final decision making power must rest with?

- A. The official heads
- B. The monarchs
- C. Those elected by the people.
- D. None

Q10. In China, elections are regularly held after every years for electing the country's parliament?

- A. 4
- B. 5
- C. 6
- D. 3

Q11. What is the Chinese Parliament called?

- A. National People's Congress
- B. Chinese Communist Party
- C. The Communit party of China
- D. Peoples Congress

Q12. It has nearly members elected from all over China?

- A. 2000
- B. 3000
- C. 2500
- D. 3500

Q13. When did Mexico become independent?

- A. 1979
- B. 1981
- C. 1980
- D. 1982

Q14. Mexico holds elections after every years to elect its President.

- A. 5
- B. 4
- C. 6
- D. 3

Q15. Which country has never been under a military or dictator's rule?

- A. Cuba
- B. Mexico
- C. India
- D. Nepal

Q16. Until 2015, in Saudi Arabia women did not have the right to vote.

- A. 2013
- B. 2014
- C. 2015
- D. 2016

Q17. Estonia has made its citizenship rules in such a way that people belonging to Russian minority find it difficult to get......

- A. The economic rights
- B. The right to vote
- C. Right to women's vote
- D. All

Q18. In a democracy, each adult citizen must have

- A. Must have one vote
- B. Each vote must have one value
- C. A and B
- D. None

Q19. Zimbabwe attained independence from White minority rule in?

- A. 1980
- B. 1975
- C. 1981
- D. 1977

Q20. Zimbabwe's leader, Robert Mugabe, ruled the country since independence.

- A. Robert Mugabe
- B. John Beten
- C. Bean Achebe
- D. Guten Zugab